

No. 5961—*Ft. F.* 166-95, dated 25th February 1899.

Under the provisions of Section 9 of the Forest Rules of 1878, the Government of Mysore are pleased to declare that the undermentioned demarcated and settled Plantations in the Mysore district shall be classed as State Forests under Rule 1 of the aforesaid Rules.

No.	Names of Plantations.	Area.	Boundaries.
1	Kurugahalli sandal plantation, (Seringapatam taluk.)	137 acres, 21 guntas	<p>North.—Seringapatam-Yelwal high road, and the S. Nos. 29, 28, 27 and 26 of Bartipur village.</p> <p>East.—Survey Nos. 140, 139 and 114 of Kurugahalli village.</p> <p>South.—Survey Nos. 128, 128 and 129 of Kurugahalli village.</p> <p>West.—Survey Nos. 130 and 133 of Kurugahalli village.</p> <p>N. B.—Right of way allowed: A cart-track from the high road to the village by the western side of the town area.</p>
	Bastipur sandal plantation (Seringapatam taluk.)	183 acres.	<p>North.—Survey Nos. 58, 55, 57 and 58 of Bastipur village.</p> <p>East.—Western boundaries of Kuppekad and Anigalli villages.</p> <p>South.—Survey Nos. 52, 51 and 32 of Kurugahalli village.</p> <p>West.—Survey Nos. 141, 46 and 49 of Kurugahalli village, and 13 and 14 of Bastipur village.</p>

The Petition Box kept at the Dewan's Office, Bangalore, will be cleared at 12 noon every day by the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Departments, and, in his absence from Bangalore, by the Under-Secretary.

By Order,

C. SREENIVASENGAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rep. Dents.

MUZRAI

No. 996, dated 21st February 1899.

ERRATA

Notification No. 789, dated 21st December 1898, published at page 18, Part I of the *Mysore*
dated 5th January 1899—

for Vencanna, Shanbhog, read Ranganua, Shanbhog,
and for Vencataramiah read Venkatasamiah.

By Order,

A. SREENIVASSA CHARLU,
Secy. to Govt., Muzrai Dent.

PUBLIC WORKS

PUBLIC WORKS.
No. 170-996, dated 22nd February 1899.

: B. B. Garudachar, attached to the Kadur division of the Western Circle, is reduced temporarily, from Sub-Assistant Engineer, 1 Class, to Sub-Assistant Engineer, 2nd Class, with effect from 1st January 1899.

By Order,

D. MCNEIL CAMPBELL, *Colonel,*
Secy. to Govt. P.W.D.

GEOLOGICAL.

No. 172 M.—1898-99, dated 22nd February 1899

er Section 2, clause (4), of the Mysore Mines Regulation III of 1897, the Government are pleased to declare that "stearine candles" distinguished by having the wax of a light pink colour, similar to samples which are available for the inspection of any person.

"Mining Material," and that the provisions of Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 such candles in all parts of Mysore.

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No. 5843—Ft. F. 166-95, dated 23rd February 1899.

Under the provisions of Section 9 of the Forest Rules of 1878, the Government of Mysore pleased to declare that the undermentioned demarcated plantations in the Mysore district shall be classed as State Forests under Section 1 of the aforesaid Forest Rules.

No.	Names of Plantations.	Area.	Boundaries.
1	Ragalkuppe plantation No. 2, (Machagowdahalli), Heggaddevankote taluk.	120 acres	North.—No. 1 Manchagowdahalli plantation. South.—Survey No. 15 of old Magge village. East.—Survey No. 4 of Ragalkuppe village and Manchagowdahalli plantation. West.—Old Magge village.
2	Averepur plantation, Heggaddevankote taluk.	46 acres.	North.—A cart-track from Mavinahalla to Halehadi and to Pal dakadu. South.—A ditch from the Theretty Chittu and a foot-path from Kurnagal and Mallayur. East.—Doddapalada Halla. West.—A foot-path from Mavinahalla to Kurubara halehadde, Mavinahalladagadde.
3	Hoonemarigudi Sandal plantation, Hunsur tk.	363 acres.	North.—Survey Nos. 33, 34, 40, 41 and 43 of Bolanahalli village and 90 of Keenpanahalli. South.—Survey Nos. 58, 59, 60, 61, 65, 10 and part of 56, 57 of Mallinathapura. East.—Survey No. 13 of Bominalapur village and 36 of Sulihalli village. West.—Survey Nos. 27 and 28 of Rangani Koppal.
4	Ketige Kaval plantation, Hunsur taluk.	150 acres	North.—Nallur nala and the tank S. No. 37 of Ummatoor. South.—Nallur nala and its bridge on the Heggaddevankote road. East.—Heggaddevankote-Hunsur high road. West.—N. Ilur nala.
5	Panchavalli sandal plantation, Hunsur taluk.	212 acres	North.—Survey Nos. 22, 57, 27, 32 and 39 of Chowkur village. South.—Hunsur-Virarajendrapet high road. East.—Survey No. 11 of Malangi and part of 1 of Satyaga. West.—Survey No. 17 of Uttenahalli and part of 49 of Gudihalli.
6	Naiballi sandal plantation, Hunsur taluk.	220 acres	North.—Survey Nos. 23, 24, 34, 35, 36 and 38 of Naiballi village. South.—Survey Nos. 50, 82, 86, 70, 69, and 68 of Tari kalla village. East.—Survey Nos. 47, 48 and 49 of Byadarabiugeli village. West.—Part of S. No. 52 of Tari kalla village.
7	Kachoongahalli sandal plantation, Yedatore taluk.	222 acres.	North.—Ramasamudra nala. South.—Do East.—Do West.—Yedatore-Ramanathpur high road.
8	Matad Kaval plantation, Yedatore taluk.	715 acres	North.—Dodhalli boundary of Hole-Narsipur taluk and Ingallage of Hangarmuddanahalli in Krishnarajapete taluk. South.—Portion of Matada kaval (a straight line from junction bandhs of Gulina Attikuppe, Hosur and kaval to the trijunction bandhs of Dudakanahalli, Vadu and Matada kaval). East.—Survey No. 73 of Dudakanahalli in Krishnarajapete S. No. 30 of Gubballi in Krishnarajapete taluk and S. No. 1 of Inam village, Hangarmuddanahalli in Krishnarajapete. West.—Survey Nos. 11, 80 and 81 of Galmattikuppe in taluk.
9	Yelwal Residency compound sandal plantation, Mysore taluk.	530 acres.	North.—Survey Nos. 268, 265, 264, 263, 262, 261, 295 and 297 of Yelwal village. South.—Survey Nos. 6, 7 and 8 of Nagaval village. East.—Survey Nos. 10, 11, 13, 15, 42, 43, 46, 47 of Yelwal village. West.—Survey Nos. 264, 265, 266, 267, 271, 274, 277 of Nagaval village.
	Kaval,	837 acres.	North.—An aloe hedge passing along the southern villa ge of Kotakanahalli village, Nagamangala taluk. South.—An aloe hedge passing along the northern villa ge of Gidivinhosahalli of Nagamangala taluk. —An aloe hedge passing along the western villa ge of Channayur and Danayakankote of Nagamangala taluk.
	35 guntas		

(83)

of Forest.	Area.	Boundaries.
Bandipur State West. (Bandipur taluk)	35 sq. miles.	<p>East.—Starting from the sign post fixed at the 3rd furlong 135th mile, Gundlupet-Nilgiri high road, the road itself forms the boundary up to the sign post fixed at the 6th furlong, 136th mile near Bandipur tank, from which place the line runs eastward to Yedakundamalagudda. From Yedakundamalagudda the line runs south-east till it crosses Moorkannusettuvahalla and then turns south-west and runs up to (1) Mollepuradakere where it turns south and runs to the northern bank of (2) Borehalla also called Moyar river.</p> <p>South.—From the above point westward, Borehalla forms the boundary up to where Kekkanahalla joins it, from which point westward Kekkanahalla is the boundary up to the point of junction of Honnurhatti and Imburhatti hallas. The places of note on this halla are Kekkanahalla bridge at the 140th mile, Nilgiri road, Bankaju Kallare Devara Kallare (near which is the junction of the two hallas above mentioned).</p> <p>West.—From the junction of Honnurhatti and Imburhatti hallas, Honnurhatti halla forms the boundary up to Tehalashatte, Surgadde and the only place of note on it is the Honnurhatti kallare. From the boundary stone fixed at Talahatti Surgadde, the line turns north-west and runs along the cleared line to the stone fixed on the top of the bridge between Ganjakatta and Kallanbetta. From this stone onwards it turns more to the west and crossing the Kuppahalla (called Katiukadu Mavinahalla lower down) arrives at the boundary mark fixed on the south-east slope of Chambanahallagudda.</p> <p>North.—(1) South-east slope of Chambanahallagudda, (2) Idasahatti Kallangundi, (3) Madiguttidega, (4) Hennandinuve betta, (5) Sign post fixed at the 3rd furlong stone 135th mile of the Mysore-Nilgiri road which is the starting point.</p> <p>N.B.—Right of way allowed:— Mysore-Nilgiri road runs through this forest from north to south.</p>

No. 5802—R. F. 54-96, dated 23rd February 1899.

Under Article 174 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. K. S. Doraswami Iyer, Sub-Divisional Officer, Chikballapur, Kolar district, was granted casual leave of absence for two days, with effect from the 10th February 1899.

No. 5844—Ft. F. 7-96, dated 23rd February 1899.

Under Article 188 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. J. J. Monteiro, Acting Assistant Conservator of Forests, Shimoga district, is granted privilege leave of absence for two months and twenty-four days, with effect from the 15th January 1899.
Mr. Y. Sitaramaiya, Assistant Conservator of Forests, will be in charge of the Sorab Range during the absence of Mr. Monteiro on leave or until further orders.

No. 5946—Fl. 679, dated 25th February 1899.

Mr. B. Gopaliengar, Officer in charge, State Huzur Treasury, who was granted privilege leave for two months by Notification No. 3344—R. 1322, dated 16th November 1898, which he availed him of from the afternoon of 18th November 1898, having been recalled to duty on the 9th January 1899, the unexpired portion of the leave is hereby cancelled.

No. 5934—R. F. 133-95, dated 25th February 1899.

The Government of Mysore are pleased to direct the cancellation of para 7A of Rule XVII of the Revenue Rules and the addition of the following to para 8 of Rule XVII:—

Also for the purposes of Sections 131 and 132 a stone, as follows:—
 “2 feet in length and 9 inches square of dressed stone in the correct position at the corner of a wet field or of mounds being in repair.”

No. 5841—Ft. F. 166-95, dated 23rd February 1899.

Under the provisions of Section 9 of the Forest Rules of 1878, the Government of
pleased to declare that the undermentioned demarcated and settled forests in the Mysore
be classed as State Forests under Rule 1 of the aforesaid Rules:—

No.	Name of Forest.	Area. sq. miles.	Boundaries.
1	Berambadi State Forest, (Gundlupet taluk)	102½	East.—Starting from the boundary marks on Kira on the Nanjangud taluk boundary and going to the demarcation line runs through the following marks:— (1) Santegaudanakatte, (2) Aralaballi Mala, (3) vankatte, (4) Delliapurada Seeke, (5) Seegar, (6) Gumpu Ilansemara, (7) 135th mile-stone Sultan's battery road, (8) Channaveeragauda, Chikkaneeravasti (at the foot of Karadikai), Kanive Mallappanagudi, (!!) Siddedevarakani, vadgopalaswami temple, (13) Sante Bole Madigittidoorga.
			South.—From Madigittidoorga, leaving the Baodipur to the left, the demarcation line runs through the prominent land marks:— (1) Idasanahatti Kallagundi, (2) South-east slope banahalladagudda (here the line turns and runs west to), (3) Kanabikanve (where it turns south runs along), (4) Sabingathethalla also called Kar vihalla and Chippinahalla, lower down which boundary up to where it joins Chillanahalla or Ch (5) Chillaatode or Chillanahalla, (which is the for a short distance afterwards) the line on leaving source of Chillantode runs up the ridge for a distance in a south-west direction descending on the slope to—(6) Neraltalgudde-halla (which forms the barrier up to where it joins Mavinahalla). (7) From junction of the two halas, Mavinahalla is the boundary the several places situated on this balla are known Neraltalgudde, Chickattdygadde, Doddadadigadde gudde (near which is the trijunction stone of Malabar and Nilgiris), and Taleguttigadde; at last mentioned place Mavinahalla turns gradually north-west and then flows north.
			West.—(1) The above Mavinahalla is the boundary up to where it joins the Neyu River called also Bhriganadi; places of note on this section of Mavinahalla are galgadde, Sollegadde, iron bridge at the 146th n. farlong, Sultan's battery road junctions of Neyu and Mavinahalla. (2) From the junction of Neyu River and Mavinahalla river is the boundary up to Avarepurakadu on the boundary of Heggaddevankote taluk.
			North.—From Avarepurakadu the demarcation line runs in general direction of north-eas. along the southern boundary of Heggaddevankote and Nanjangud taluks, leaving the jangles of those taluks to the left and touching the following land marks:— (1) Vaderahalli Mala, (2) Bandikulla Aré, (3) Jagalur, (4) Soondetal Takkal, (5) Shambukatte, (6) Hebbal, (7) Chunghanhalli Mala, (8) Kalammanagudi kallu, Kempahalli Mala, (10) Kirukonnabetta (the point).

N. B.—Right of way allowed:—

Gundlupet-Sultan's battery road runs through the forest from east to west.

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- (ii) in the case of persons holding through tickets and who have not been in Mysore for more than 6 hours, and
 - (iii) at the Stations of Paschimavahini, Seringapatam and Kadakola, in the case of persons who can produce a certificate from the Amildar or other local authority including—
 - (a) Local Medical Officer,
 - (b) Station House Officer,
 - (c) Patel or Shanbhog,
 - (d) Shekdar of the hobli,
- that they have not within the past ten days resided within or visited an infected area.

III. Disinfection certificates referred to in Regulation I can be obtained in manner prescribed in the attached rules (Appendix A), wherein also the time, place and mode of disinfection as well as the articles liable to be disinfected, are described. After disinfection each person will receive a certificate stating that he or she has been disinfected, signed by the officer in charge of disinfecting arrangements appointed by the Government, and will be required to remain in disinfection camp until shortly before the departure of the train.

IV. The Officers authorised to grant passes and certificates of exemption from disinfection are—

- (i) The Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner to the Government of Mysore.
- (ii) The Chief Plague Officer, Mysore City.
- (iii) The President or Vice-President, City Municipality, at the Town Hall, between the hours of 2 and 5 P. M.
- (iv) The Health Officer, Mysore City, at his office in the Town Hall, between the hours of 2 and 5 P. M.
- (v) The Ward Officer, No. I Ward, at his office in the old Taluk Cuttacherry, between the hours of 2 and 5 P. M.
- (vi) The Ward Officer, No. II Ward, at his office in the Sita Vihar Dharmasala, between the hours of 2 and 5 P. M.
- (vii) The Ward Officer, No. III Ward, at his office opposite to the London Hotel, between the hours of 2 and 5 P. M.

V. The officer empowered to grant certificates of exemption may dispense with the personal attendance of applicants in the case of ladies or children. On behalf application may be made by a male member of their family. Officers appointed by the Government for the duty of granting certificates of exemption from disinfection, have power for sufficient reason to refuse to grant

I. Special passes will be inoperative unless availed of within three months of issue and certificates shall be valid only for the period for which they were granted. Such passes will not entitle the holder to claim the duty of the booking clerks or certificates of exemption from disinfection. The luggage of passengers for whom passes or certificates have been issued, will be subject to inspection.